

Influenza-associated hospitalisation and mortality rates amongst global Indigenous populations; a systematic review and meta-analysis



A joint venture between The University of Melbourne and The Royal Melbourne Hospital

How do rates of influenza-associated hospitalisation and mortality differ between Indigenous and corresponding benchmark populations on a global scale?

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Methods

Results

Databases: Pubmed, Medline, Embase, Cochran Central Register of Controlled Trials, CINAHL

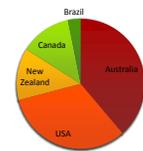
875 studies → 31 studies

Reference lists

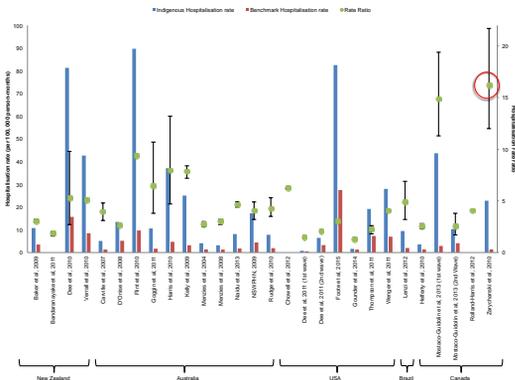
Search terms:

Indigenous OR Aborigin* OR native OR trib* OR First nation* OR Maori OR Inuit* OR Indians, North American OR (Torres Strait Island*) OR Dai OR Tibet* OR Mon OR Sherpa OR Rai OR Magar OR Tamang OR FATA OR Sami OR Nene* OR Baka OR Pygm* OR Maasai OR Ijaw OR Fulani OR Metis OR Mapuche OR Kuna Yala OR (Embera Wounaan) OR Ngabe Bugle
AND
Influenza
AND
hospital* OR mortality OR death OR fatal*

Country of origin



Influenza-associated hospitalisation rates and hospitalisation rate ratios



HOSPITALISATION

MORTALITY

